

# Appendix D

Map of South Africa, c.1996



When South Africa's first democratically elected government came to power in 1994, the government reorganised its ten Bantustans, or homelands, and the four existing provinces into nine smaller fully integrated provinces as shown on this map.

The four provinces that existed from 1910–94 were reorganised into the new provinces as follows:

Old provinces	New provinces
Cape Province	Eastern Cape Northern Cape Western Cape
Natal	KwaZulu-Natal
Orange Free State	Free State
Transvaal	North West Limpopo Mpumalanga Gauteng

Of the ten Bantustans, only Ciskei and Qwaqwa had geographically coterminous areas of land. The other eight consisted of between three and forty-four scattered blocks.

Bantustan	Language grouping	New provinces
Bophuthatswana*	Tswana	Free State Northern Cape North West Province
Ciskei*	Xhosa	Eastern Cape
Gazankulu	Tsonga	Limpopo Mpumalanga
KaNgwane	Swazi	Mpumalanga
KwaNdebele	Ndebele	Mpumalanga
KwaZulu	Zulu	KwaZulu-Natal
Lebowa	Sotho	Limpopo
QwaQwa	Sotho	Free State
Transkei*	Xhosa	Eastern Cape
Venda*	Venda	Limpopo

\* Four of the Bantustans had been declared 'independent' by the apartheid state between 1976 and 1981.